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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/717,060	11/22/2000	Hajime Nishihara	0216-0445P	2421
2292	7590 02/13/2002			
BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH			EXAMINER	
PO BOX 747 FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747			BUTTNER, DAVID J	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1712	(J
			DATE MAILED: 02/13/2002	7

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No. **09/717,060** 

Applicant(s)

**NISHIHARA** 

Office Action Summary Examiner

BUTTNER

Art Unit 1712

The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet with the correspondence address
Period for Reply	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	
<ul> <li>Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical of the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days</li> </ul>	cation.
<ul><li>be considered timely.</li><li>If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory communication.</li></ul>	period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this
<ul> <li>Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by</li> <li>Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).</li> </ul>	y statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). e mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any
Status	•
1) LI Responsive to communication(s) filed on	
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This act	tion is non-final.
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance closed in accordance with the practice under Ex pa	except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is arte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims	
4) 💢 Claim(s) <u>1-13</u>	is/are pending in the application.
4a) Of the above, claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from consideration.
5) Claim(s)	is/are allowed.
6) 💢 Claim(s) <u>1-13</u>	is/are rejected.
7)	is/are objected to.
	are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.
Application Papers	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are	e objected to by the Examiner.
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a)□ approved b)□ disapproved.
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exam	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	
13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign p	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some* c) ☐ None of:	
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have	ve been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have	ve been received in Application No
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority of application from the International Bure *See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	
14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	
Attachment(s)	
15) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	18) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s).
16) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	19) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
17) X Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s). 2	20)  Other:

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The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-13 rejected under 35 USC 112 second paragraph as being indefinte for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as his invention

Claims 1's statement (second to last paragraph) that  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  of formula (2) is H or an aliphatic hydrocarbon, directly conflicts with earlier requirements that some of  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  be aromatic.

It is confusing/superfluous to include formula (3) as these recurring units were already required in formula (1) and (2).

It is not clear how or when "at least part of said component (B) is a compound represented by formula (1)" is invoked.

Claim 3's silicon is not a metal.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

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A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1 and 4 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over the Bostwick patent.

Bostwick adds octaphenylcyclotetrasiloxane to PC.

Claims 1, 4, 6-10 and 12 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over the Bialous patent.

Bialous exemplifies (III, XVI) adding a flame retardant sulfonate salt and octaphenylcyclotetrasiloxane to PC.

Claims 1-4, and 6-13 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over the Hamersma patent.

Hamersma exemplifies (B,C) blends of PBT, PC and aromatic silicone fluid. Glass fibers (col. 3, line 4) can also be included which qualifies as a flame retardant according to applicant (claim 8).

Claims 1-4 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over the Serizawa patent.

Serizawa exemplifies (C7) a blend of PC with an aromatic polysiloxane.

Claims 1-5 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over the Brown patent.

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The reference adds phenyl containing polysiloxane to PC. The amount of aromaticity can vary depending on the value of X and Y.

Regarding claim 3, use of any two polysiloxanes within the scope of the reference would be prima facie obvious (see MPEP 2144.06 "combining equivalents").

Claims 1-5 and 13 rejected under 35 USC 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 USC 103(a) as obvious over the J09087504 Patent.

The reference adds phenyl containing polysiloxane to PC. The amount of aromaticity can vary depending on the value of X and Y. The polycaprolactone is a polyester.

Regarding claim 3, the use of any two polysiloxanes within the scope of the reference would be prima facie obvious (see MPEP 2144.06 "combining equivalents").

Claims 1-4 and 13 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over the Sakano patent.

Sakano exemplifies (#2, 4)blends of PC, polymethylphenyl siloxane and optionally ABS.

Claims 1-4 and 6-13 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over the Sakano [atent in view of EP728811.

Sakano suggests conventional additives (col 3 line 17) can be included but does not name PTFE or phosphazene flame retardants..

EP 728811 shows PTFE and phosphazene are flame retardants for PC/ABS compositions. It would have been obvious to add PTFE and phosphazene to Sakano's composition for better flame retardancy.

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Claims 1-4 and 6-13 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the

Sakano patent in view of Mark.

Sakano suggests conventional additives (col. 3, line 17) can be included, but does not

name sulfonic acid salt flame retardants.

Mark shows sulfonic acid salts function as flame retardants for PC. It would have been

obvious to add a sulfonic salt flame retardant to Sakano's composition for better flame

retardancy.

Note that an election of species will be necessitated if additional claims are presented

directed to specific flame retardants (c) and/or additional organic polymers.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to David Buttner whose telephone number is (703) 308-2403. The examiner

can normally be reached on weekdays from 10 to 5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Robert Dawson, can be reached on (703) 308-2340. The fax phone number for the organization

where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9310.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

DButtner:evh

2/8/02

DAVID J. BUTTNER

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